

**Course Title: Astronomical Instrumentation**

**Course Instructor: Nicolas Erasmus**

**Lecture Hours: 14**

**Lab Hours: 15**

**1. Course Overview:**

This is an advanced course on optical astronomical instrumentation which aims to develop understanding of practical issues of instrument development in students. The course consists of 14 hours of lectures divided into 4 sections : detectors, optics, spectroscopy, and adaptive optics. Individual sections would have their associated laboratory sessions to be hosted at SAAO totalling 15 lab-hours. The sections are associated with preliminary assessment of assignments and quizzes, 2 tests. This course is geared towards making students knowledgeable for participating in instrumentation discussions as well as readying them to design instruments specific to different scientific goals.

**2. Course Break Down:**

**a. Detectors:**

Preliminary assessment method :	2 × End-of-Lecture Unprepared Pop Quiz
Lecture Hours:	4 (2 lectures - 2 hours each)
Lab Hours:	6 (2 lab practicals, - 3 hours each)

Topics to be covered:

- i. Quantum Efficiency
- ii. Semiconductor
- iii. CCD and CMOS detectors
- iv. Charge Transfer
- v. Readout Electronics
- vi. Electronic Noise

**b. Optics:**

Preliminary assessment method :	1 × Home Assignment
Lecture Hours:	4 (2 lectures - 2 hours each)
Lab Hours:	6 (2 lab practicals, - 3 hours each)

Topics to be covered:

- i. Geometric/ray optics
- ii. Aberrations
- iii. Designing optical systems
- iv. Interference
- v. Diffraction

**c. Spectroscopy:**

Preliminary assessment method :	1 × Home Assignment
Lecture Hours:	4 (2 lectures - 2 hours each)
Lab Hours:	3 (1 lab practical, - 3 hours)

- i. Anamorphic magnification
- ii. Diffraction grating
- iii. Echelles
- iv. Grating efficiency
- v. Integral field spectroscopy
- vi. Multi-object spectroscopy

**d. Adaptive Optics:**

Preliminary assessment method :	1 × End-of-Lecture Unprepared Pop Quiz
Lecture Hours:	2 (1 lecture - 2 hours)
Lab Hours:	none
i.	Atmospheric seeing
ii.	Turbulence and mitigation
iii.	Strehl Ratio
iv.	AO systems (phase space)
v.	AO systems (mode space)

**3. Resources: (only for further reading)**

- a. Astronomical Optics by Daniel Schroeder
- b. To Measure the Sky by Frederick Chromeley
- c. Detection of Light, by George H. Rieke

**4. Breakdown of lab/practical tasks:**

- a. Detectors A: Measure Gain
- b. Detectors B: TBD
- c. Optics A: Measure spherical aberration
- d. Optics B: Measure chromic aberration
- e. Spectroscopy: Build your own spectrograph and measure resolving power

**5. Requirements of attending the course:**

- a. Undergraduate physics
- b. Basic Astronomy

**6. Skills to be developed during the course:**

- a. Deriving instrument specific requirements from astronomical science goals
- b. Ability to participate in instrument related discussion
- c. Hands-on feeling for instrumentation design

**7. Assessment:**

Assignments:	10% (5% each)
Quizzes:	15% (5% each)
Attendance:	10%
Lab Practicals:	35% (7% each)
Test1:	15%
Test2:	15%
<b>Total</b>	<b>100%</b>