

International Centre for Radio Astronomy Research



Galaxy evolution with HI spectral stacking

Barbara Catinella









Galaxy population sampled by HI-blind surveys



Green: ALFALFA detections



Brown, Catinella et al. 2015

HI-blind surveys biased towards blue, star-forming systems



Galaxy evolution and the role of gas

blue, SF galaxies





HI-blind surveys best suited to study HI-rich regime processes (with detections) Quenching processes (e.g., gas stripping) --> stacking



- Gas content, stellar mass, SFR, morphology are all related: which of these relations are primary?
- How is the gas content affected by the environment?
- How does all the above depend on redshift?

To address these questions we need **very large statistics** and the ability to probe the **HI-poor regime**









Primary vs secondary dependencies



Lagos et al. 2011 (see also Dave' et al 2013, Rafieferantsoa et al. 2015, Bahe et al 2015...)



The gas fraction-stellar mass relation is a consequence of galaxy bimodality



Environment: beyond galaxy clusters

HI-deficient galaxies in Virgo





Chung et al. (2009)

HI deficiency (Haynes & Giovanelli 1984, Solanes et al. 1996...)

HI def \equiv Log <M(HI, D_{opt},Type)> - Log M(HI)_{obs}



Adapted from Dressler (1980)

Optical studies show that environment acts well before reaching the dense cluster environment (Dressler 1980, Lewis et al 02, Gomez et al 03...) Also, clusters are rare!



Clues from deep HI observations



HI content determined primarily by stellar mass, environment is **secondary**. Statistical evidence for HI depletion in **groups**



HI stacking: environment



Halo mass bins



Brown+ in prep.

Gas depletion at fixed stellar mass and morphology in satellites for increasing halo mass



HI stacking: environment





Binning galaxies by SSFR, halo mass and stellar mass!

Comparison with models in progress...

Brown+ in prep.

Gas depletion at fixed SSFR in satellites for increasing halo mass (not a consequence of the gas fraction-stellar mass relation)



- Key technique to exploit future HI surveys
- Need more than optical redshifts to do stacking science!! e.g. stellar masses, SFRs, group catalogs...
- Environmental studies require very large statistics and ability to reach the gas-poor regime --> even with SKA-1, this will be feasible only with stacking