

Integral Field Unit Spectroscopy of the Helium Nova V445 Puppis



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Stella Novae: Past and Future Decades

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- V445 Puppis

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OBSERVATIONS

- IFU spectroscopy
- V445 Observations

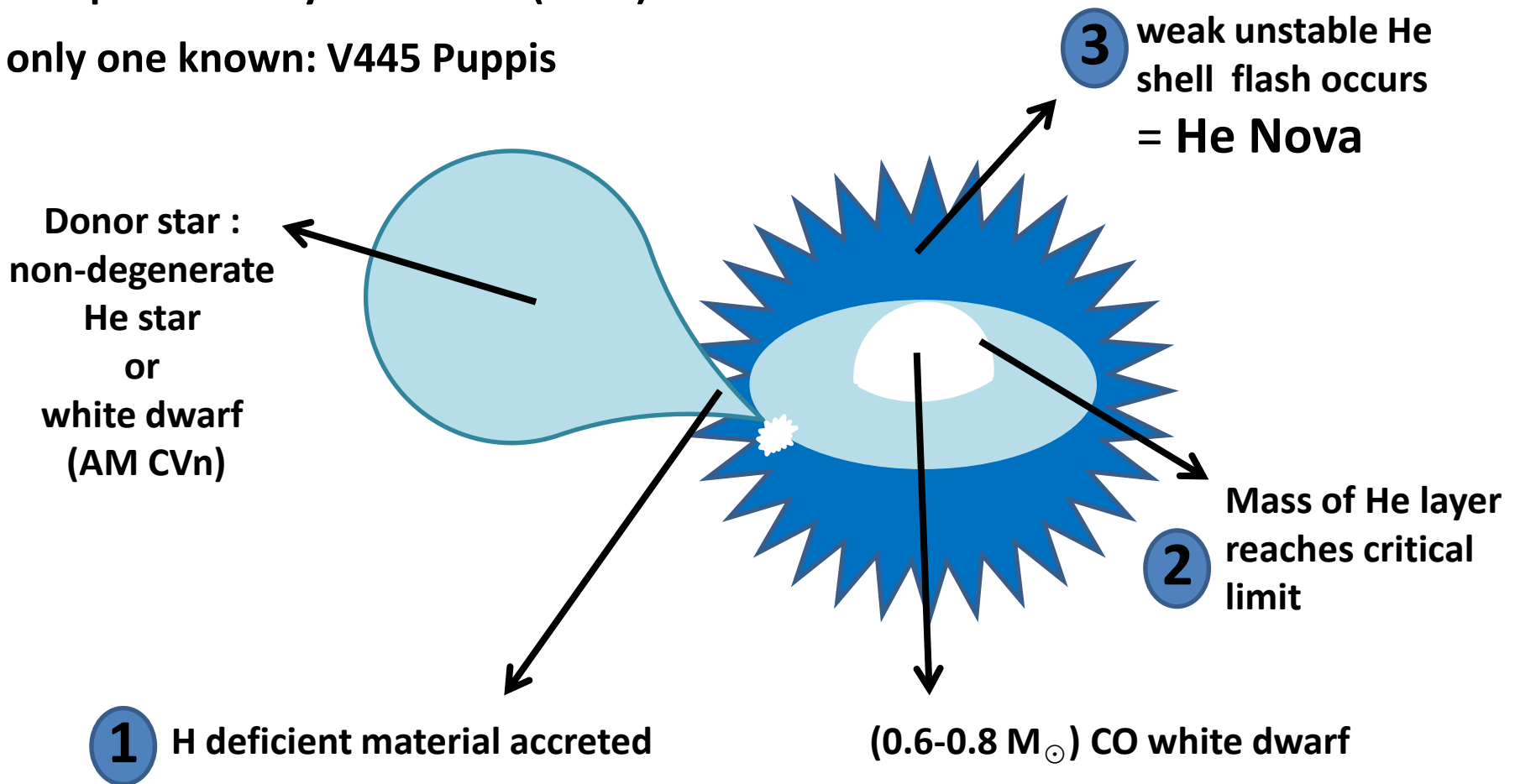
3

RESULTS

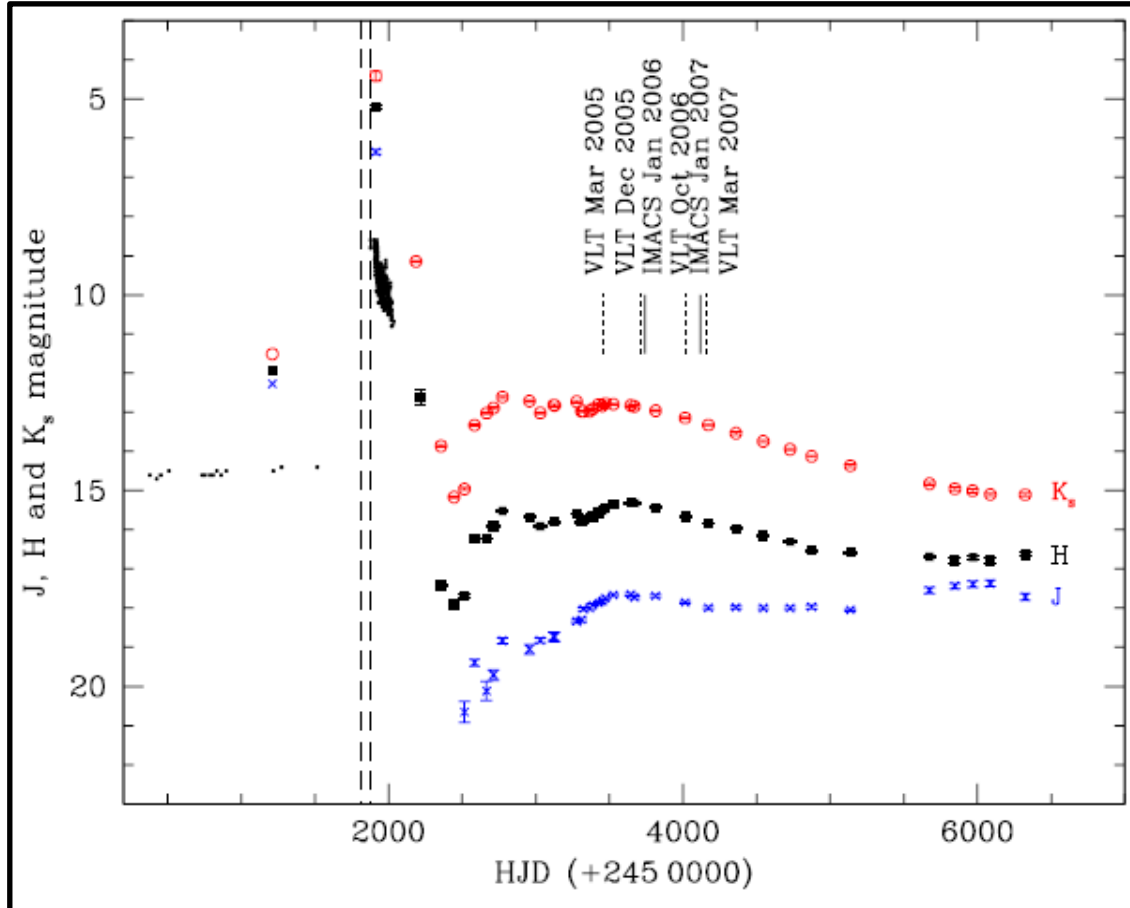
- The nova shell
- The knots

Helium Novae

- first predicted by Kato et al. (1989)
- only one known: V445 Puppis



V445 Puppis as a helium nova



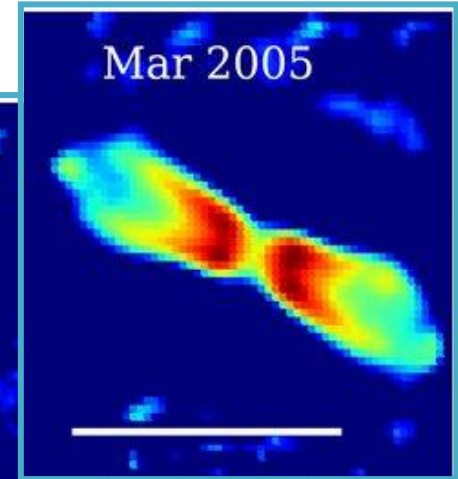
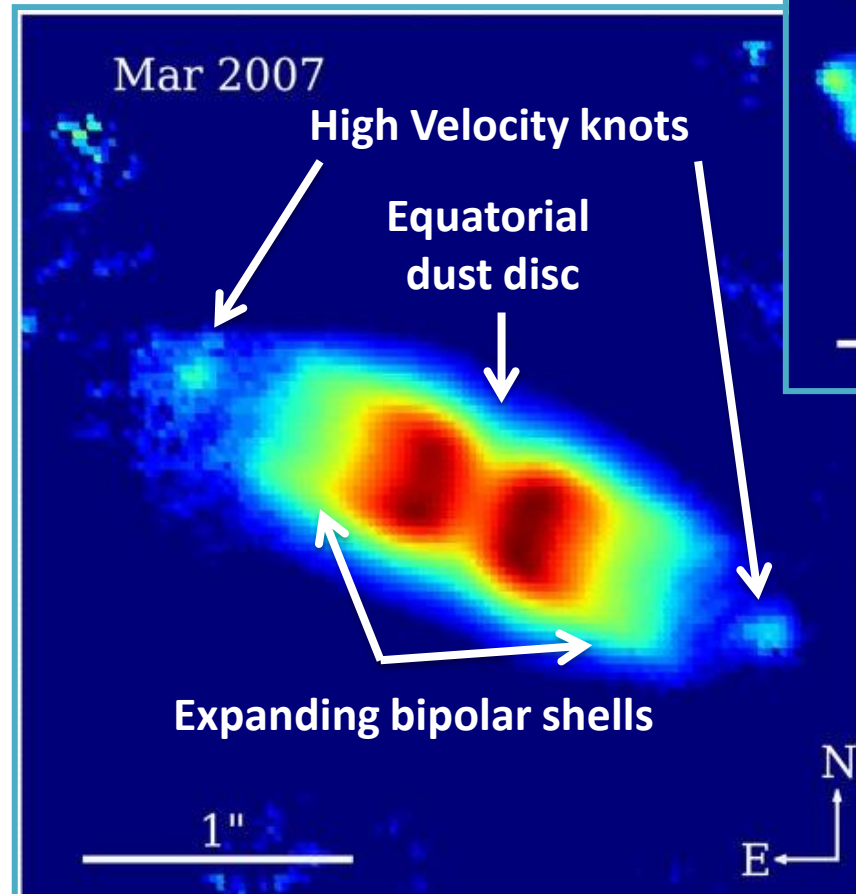
Left: Near-infrared light curves of V445 Puppis before, during and after outburst.

- 28 Nov. 2000: discovered in outburst
- Jul 2001: thick carbon dust shell forms
- Jan 2013: progenitor still obscured by dust disc

V445 Puppis

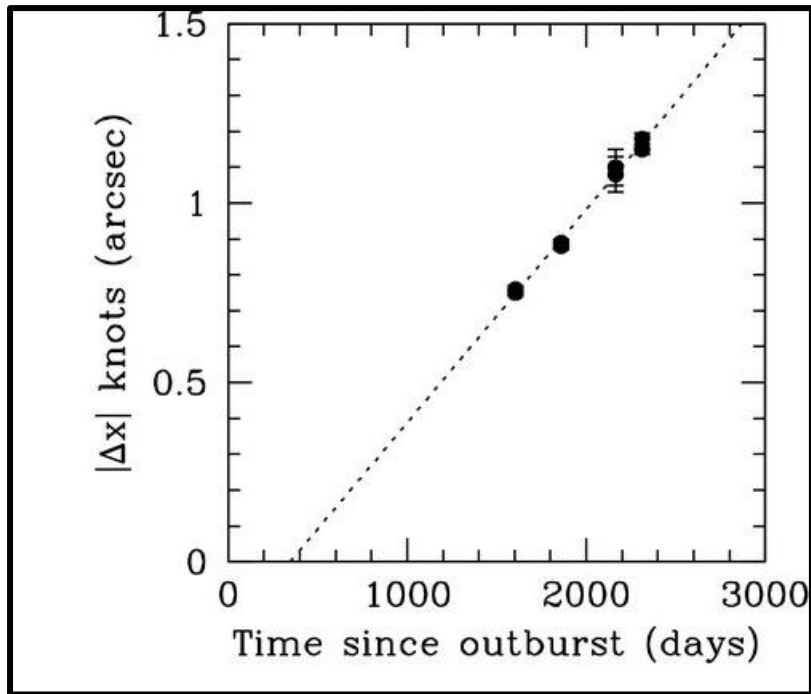
V445 Pup Properties

Shell Inclination	3.9 ± 0.4 deg
Distance to Nova	8.2 ± 0.3 kpc
Equatorial Velocity	500 km.s^{-1}
Shell polar expansion velocity	$6720 \pm 250 \text{ km.s}^{-1}$
Knot Velocity	8450 km.s^{-1}



Evolving nova shell of V445 Puppis obtained with NAOS/CONICA on the VLT. (Woudt et al. 2009)

Knots Evolution



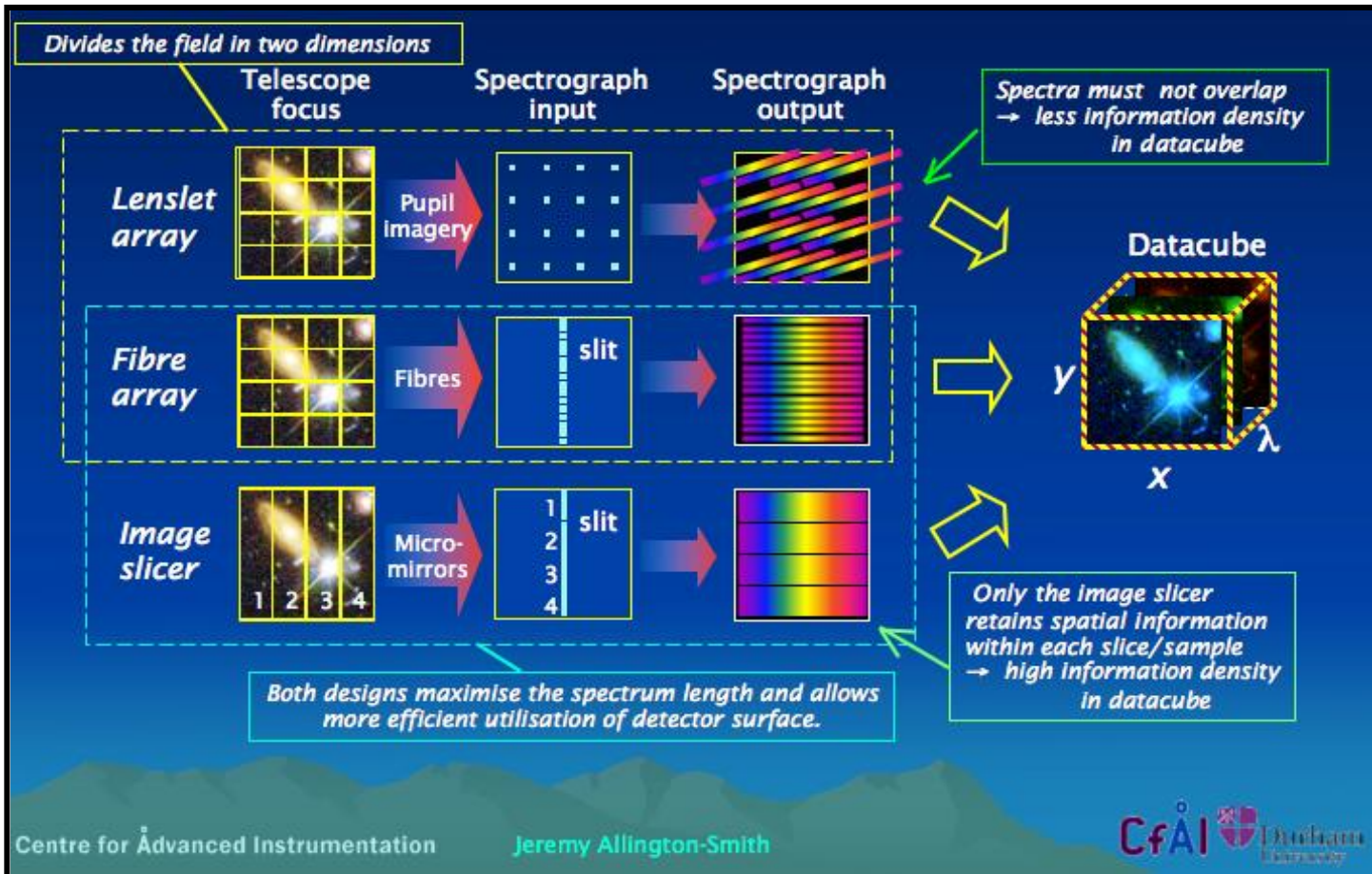
Above: Change in position of knots over time (Woudt et al. 2009)

- Behave independently from shell
- origin coincides with strong radio flare ~ 345 days post-outburst (Rupen et al. 2001)

Linear Expansion:
 $0.217'' \pm 0.010 \text{ yr}^{-1}$
(Woudt et al. 2009)

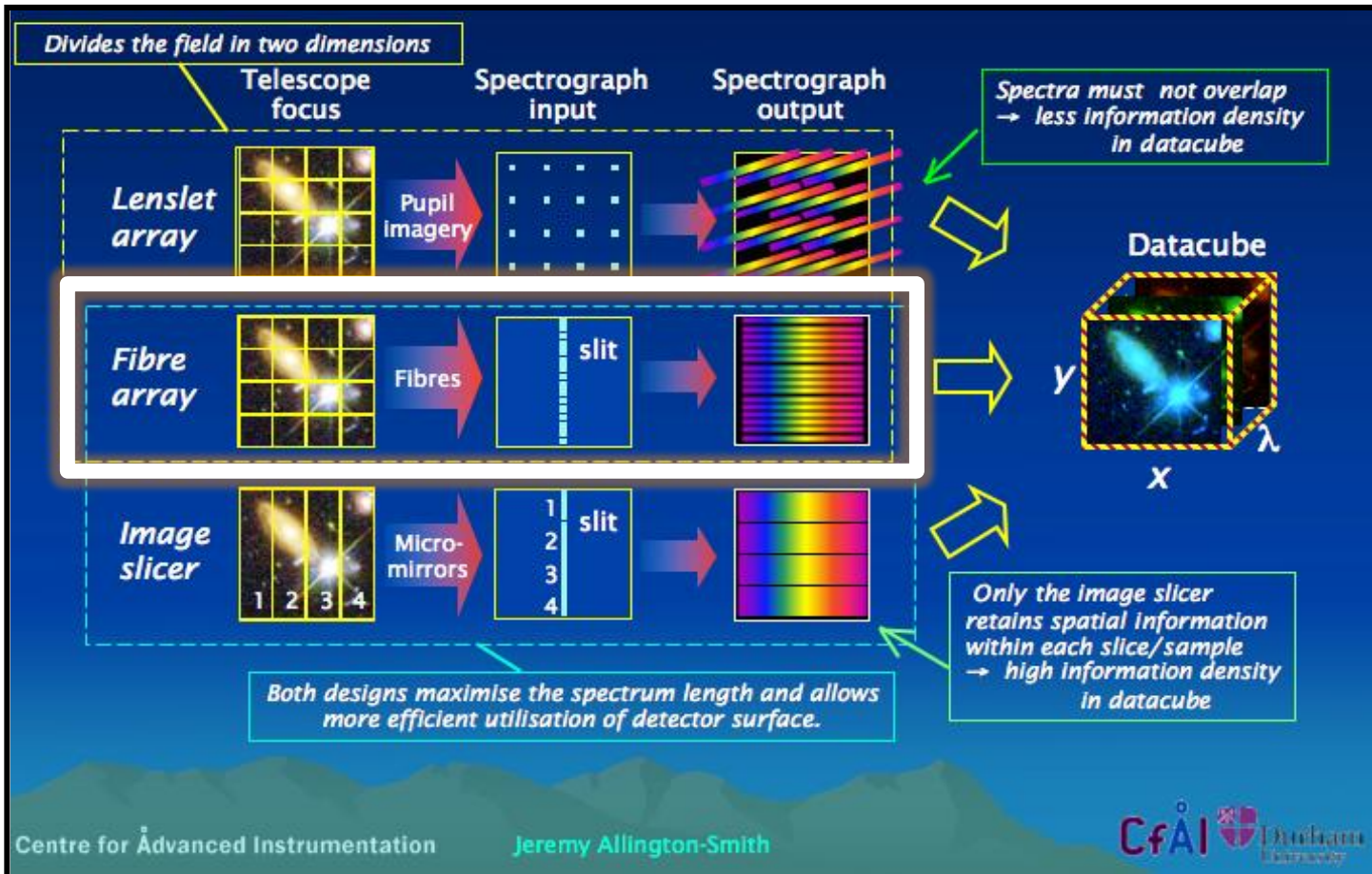
Observations

Integral Field Unit Spectroscopy



Credit: <http://ifs.wikidot.com>

Integral Field Unit Spectroscopy



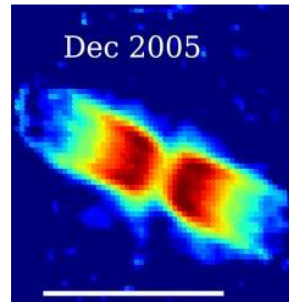
Credit: <http://ifs.wikidot.com>

V445 Pup Observations

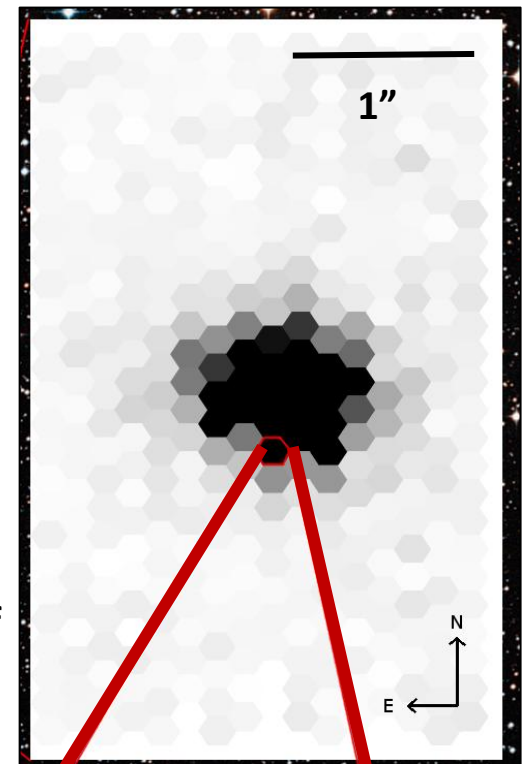
- using IMACS IFU
- 400 fibres (16 x 25)
- Covers wavelength regime: ~400nm to ~900nm.

Observations are seeing limited:

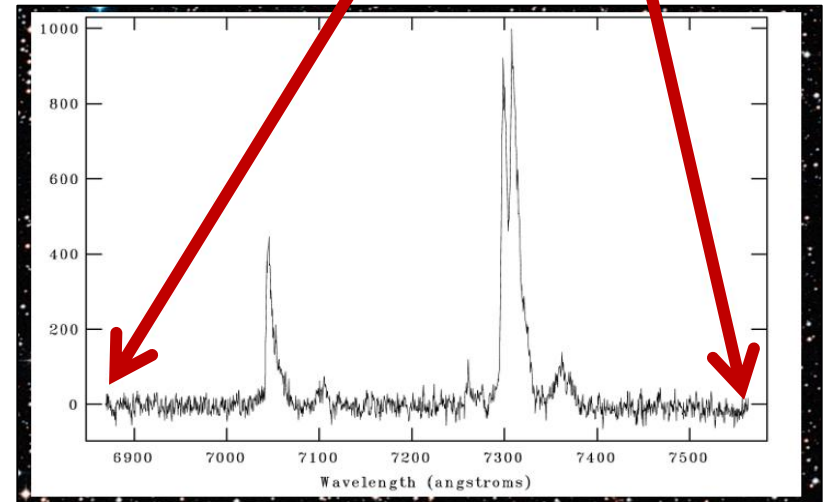
- 0.2" per fibre element
- BUT
- seeing ~ 0.5" for both nights



Right:
V445 Pup,
projected onto
400 fibres of
IMACS IFU
long camera

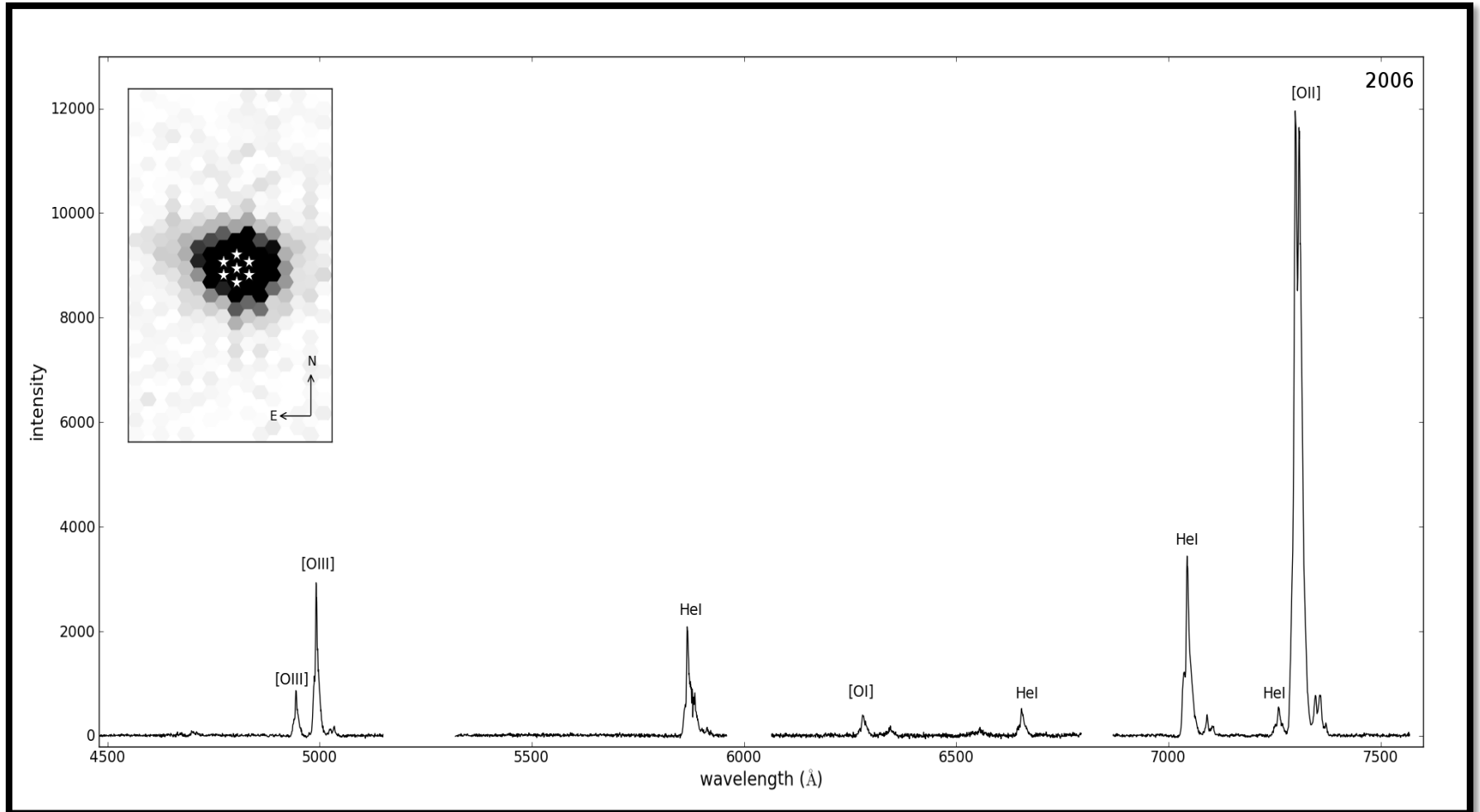


Right: spectra
extracted from one
fibre of one CCD

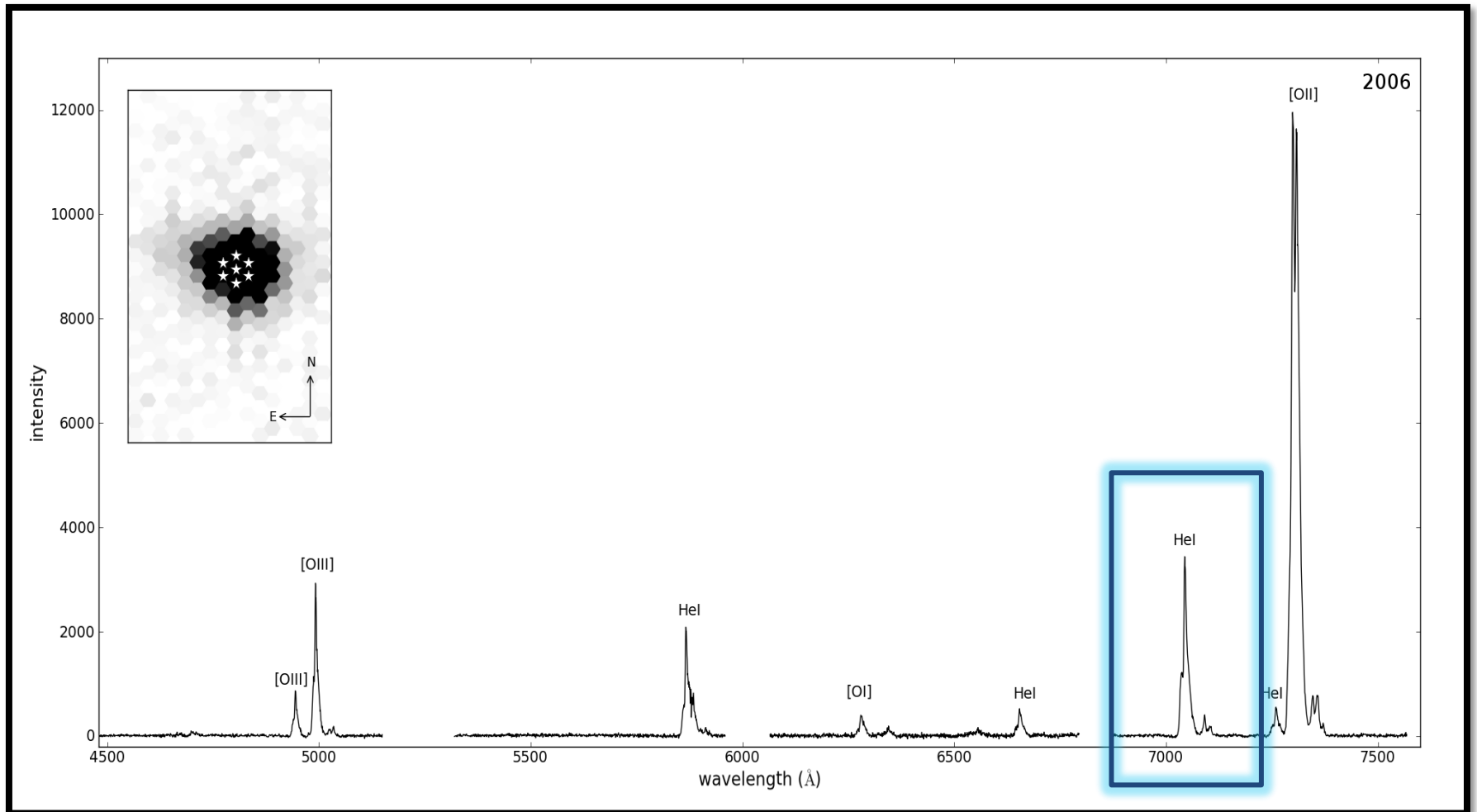


Results

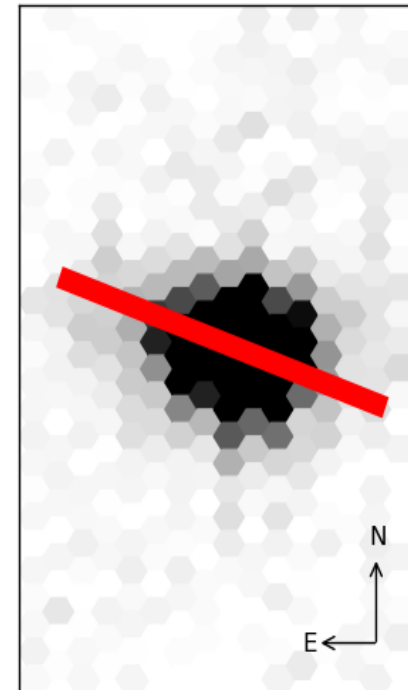
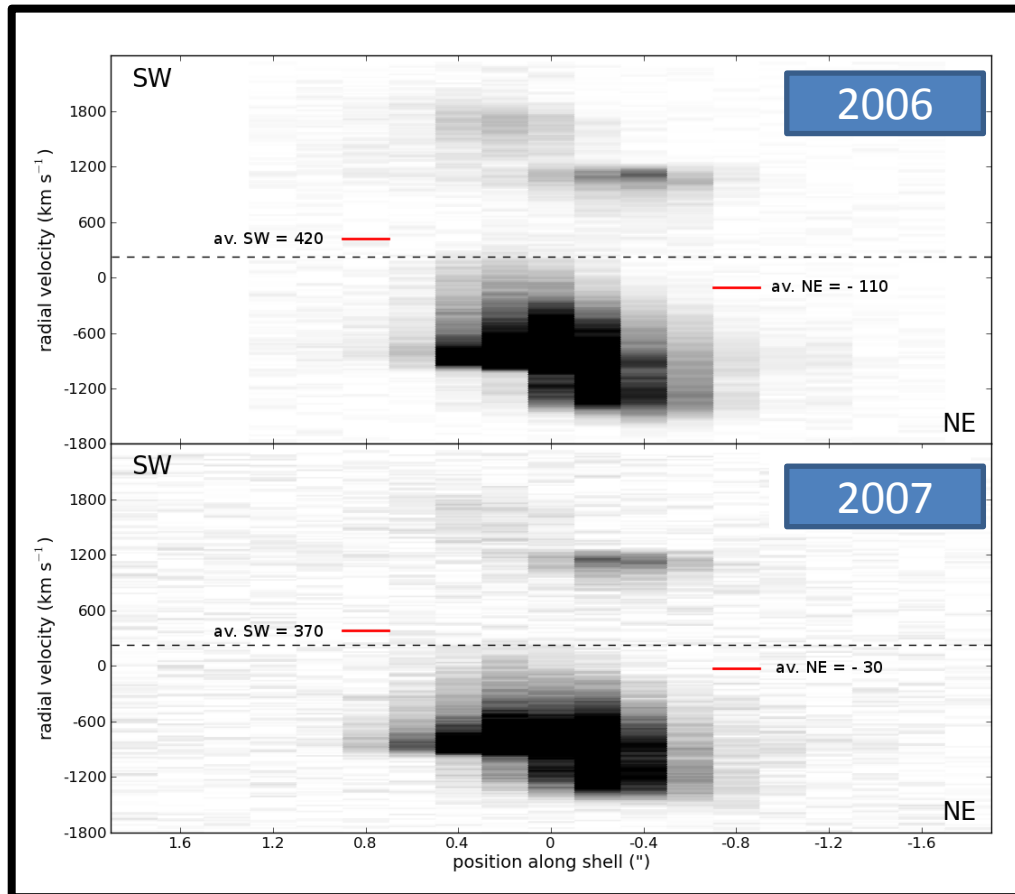
V445 Puppis Spectrum 2006



V445 Puppis Spectrum 2006

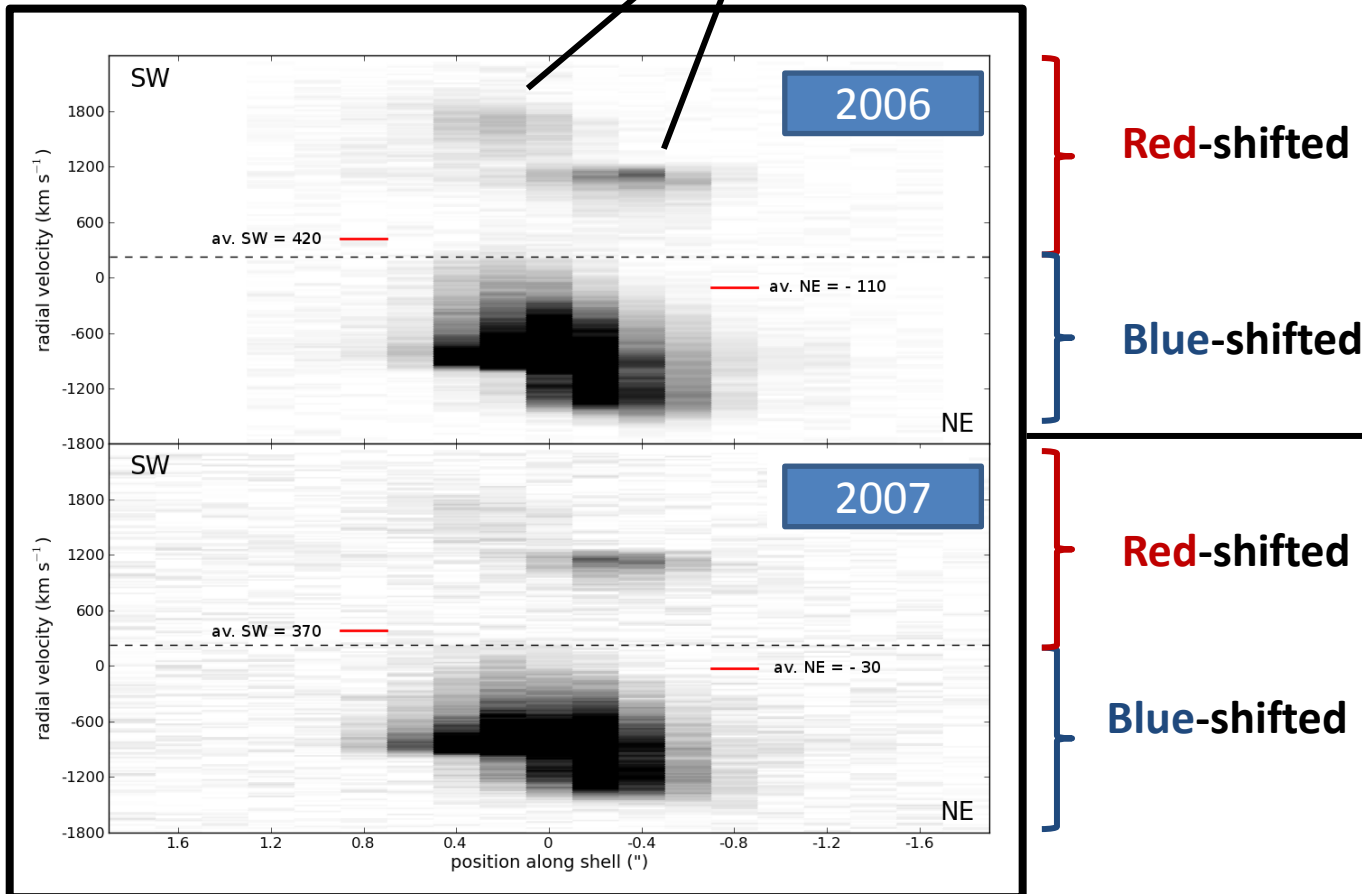


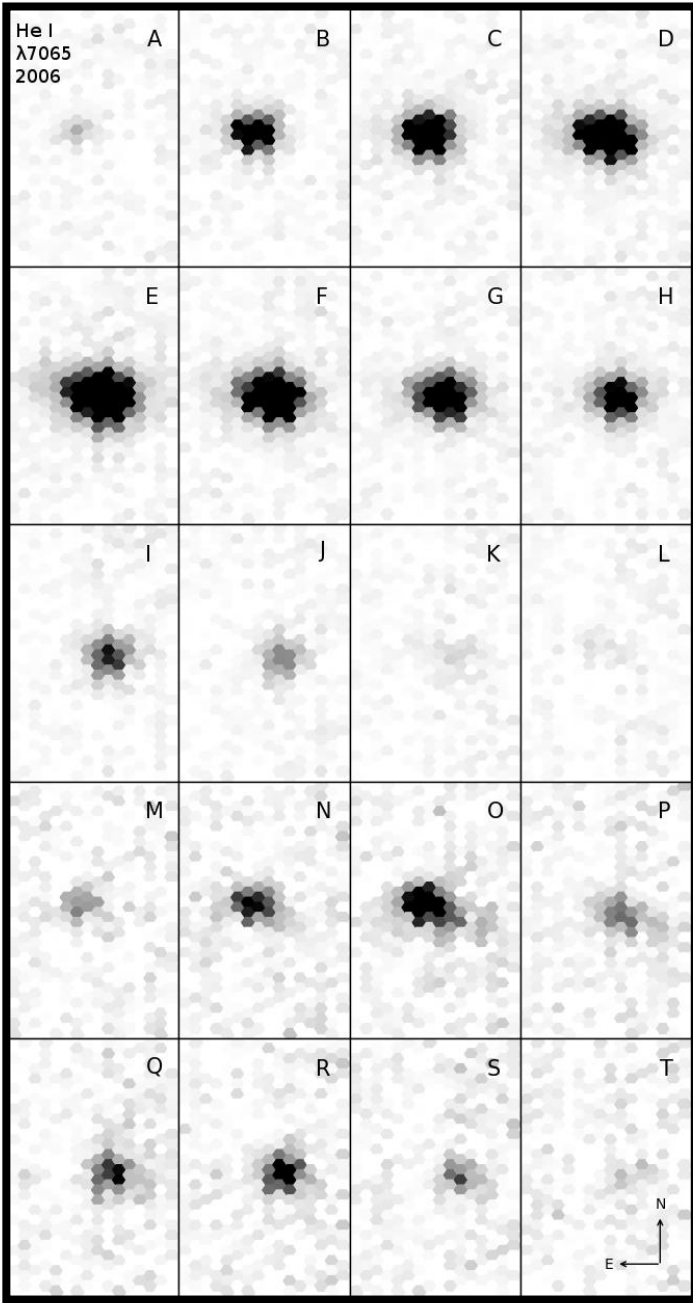
Examining the Nova Shell



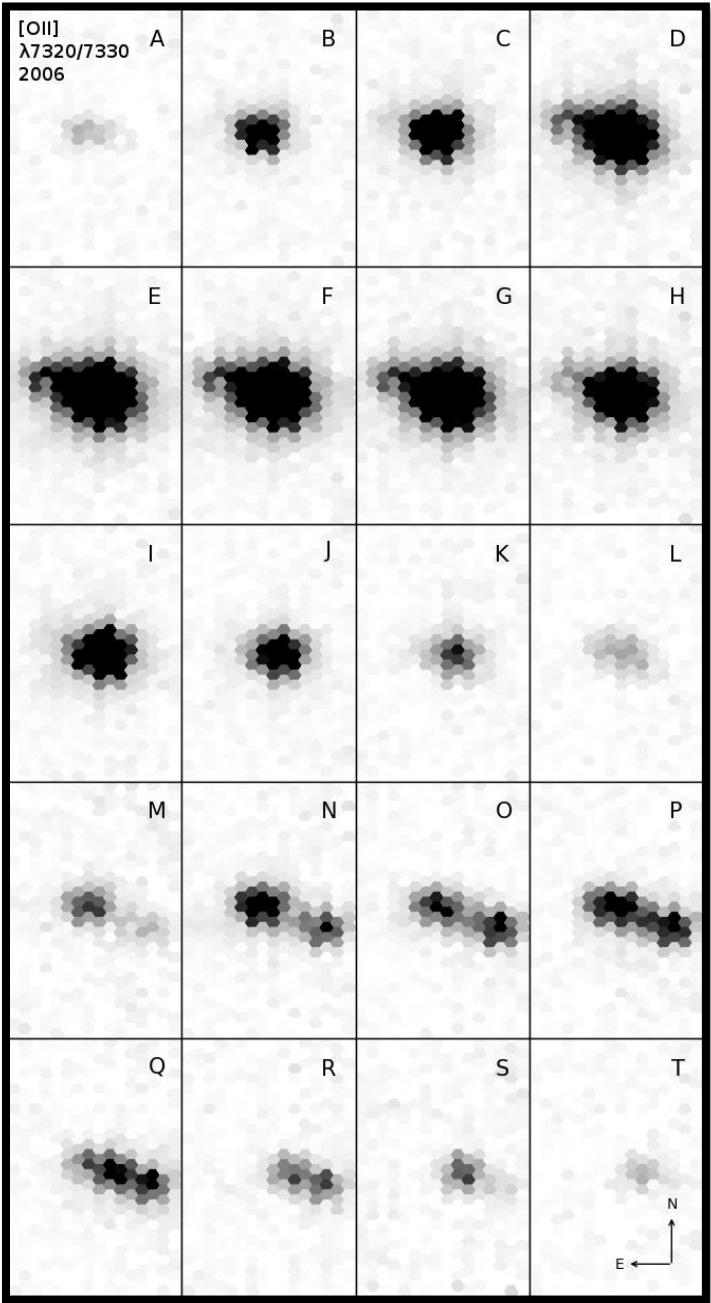
Examining the Nova Shell

Step feature due to inclination of nova towards us:
NE lobe is closer.

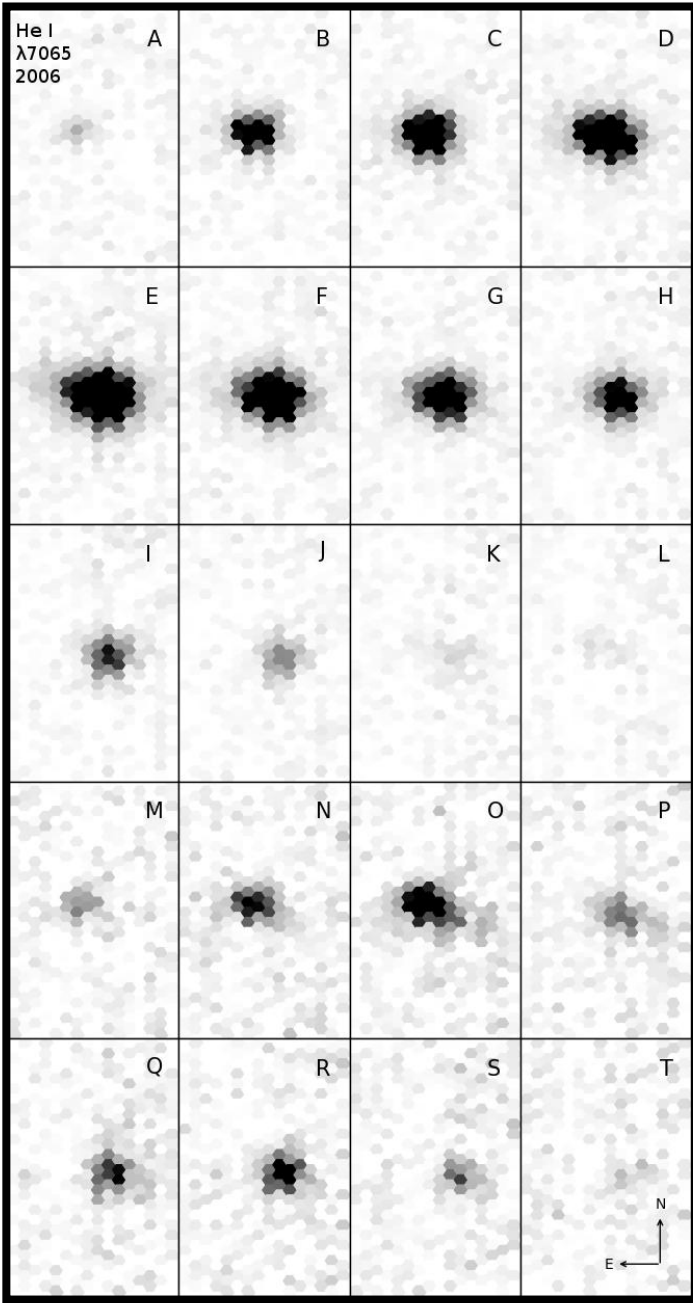




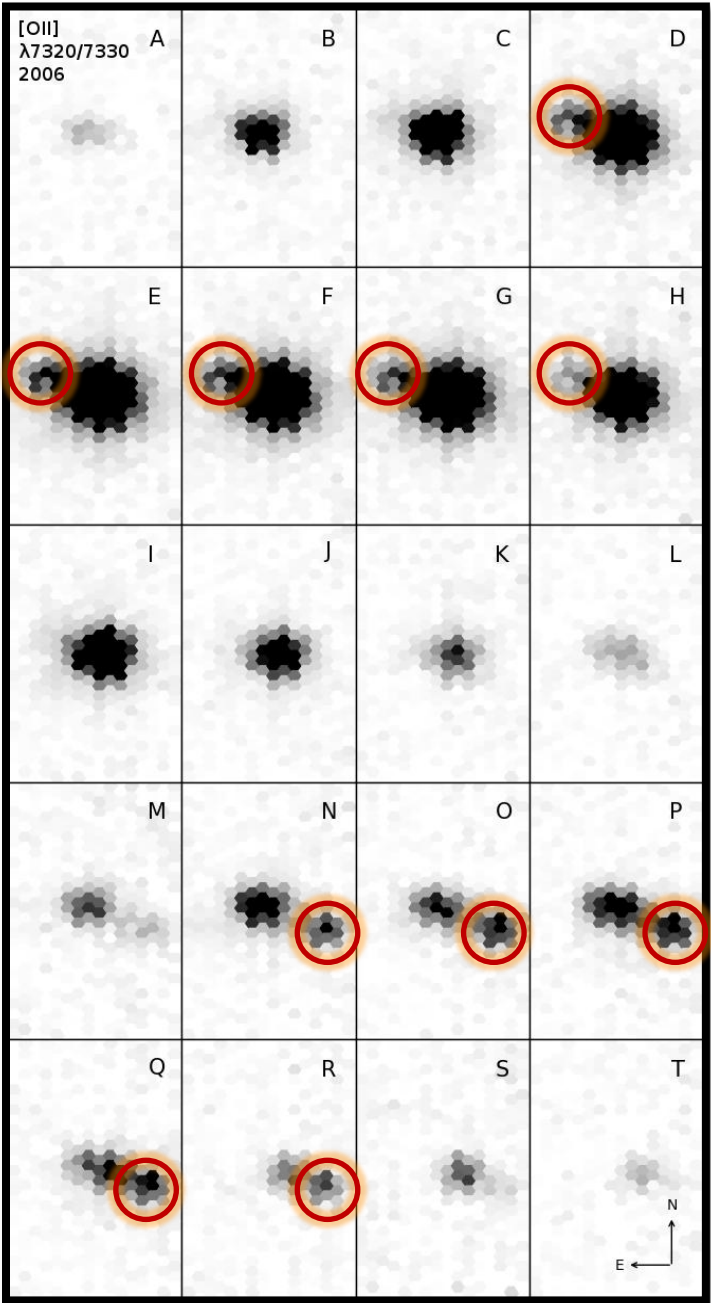
He I



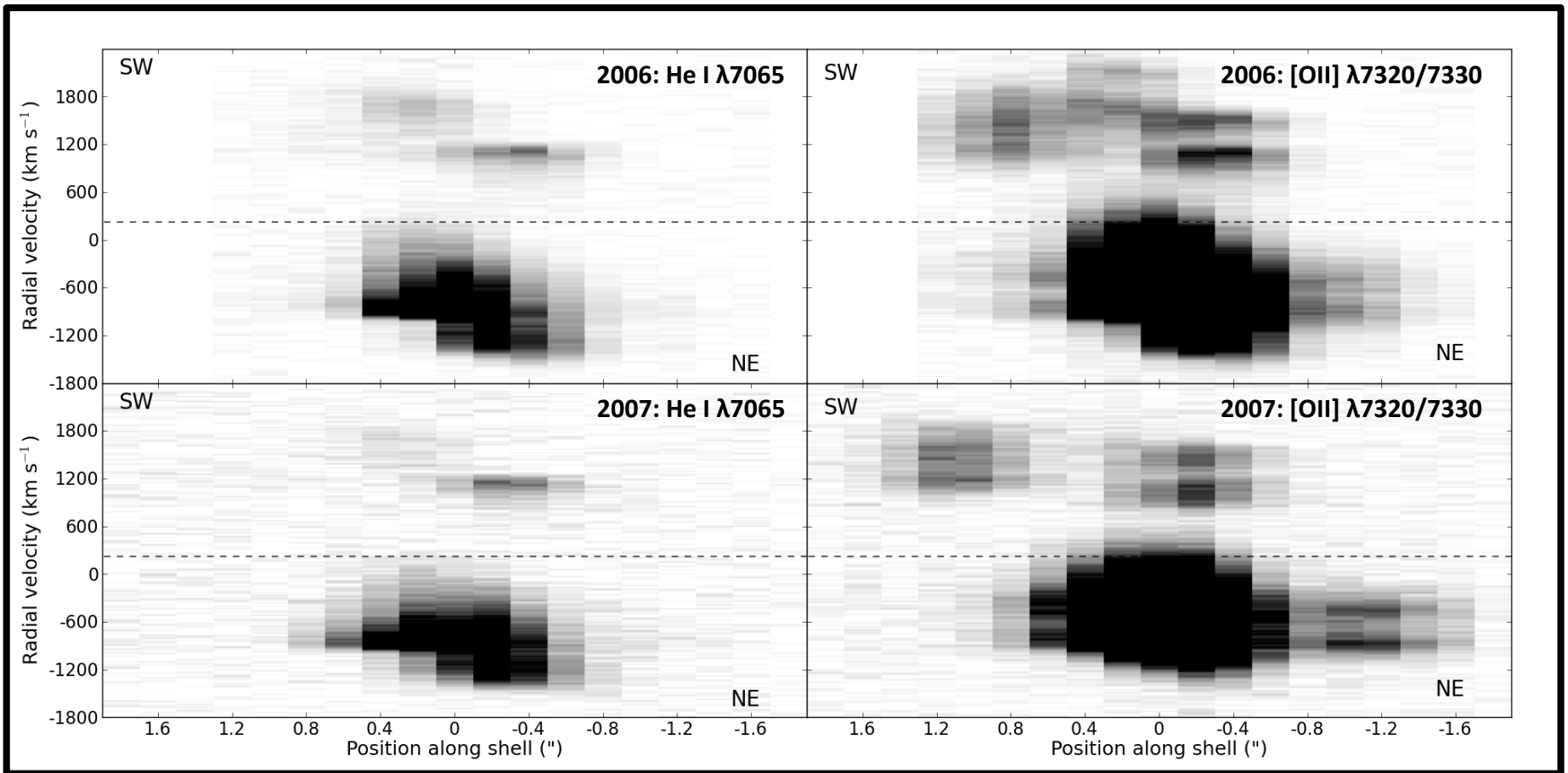
[O II]



He I



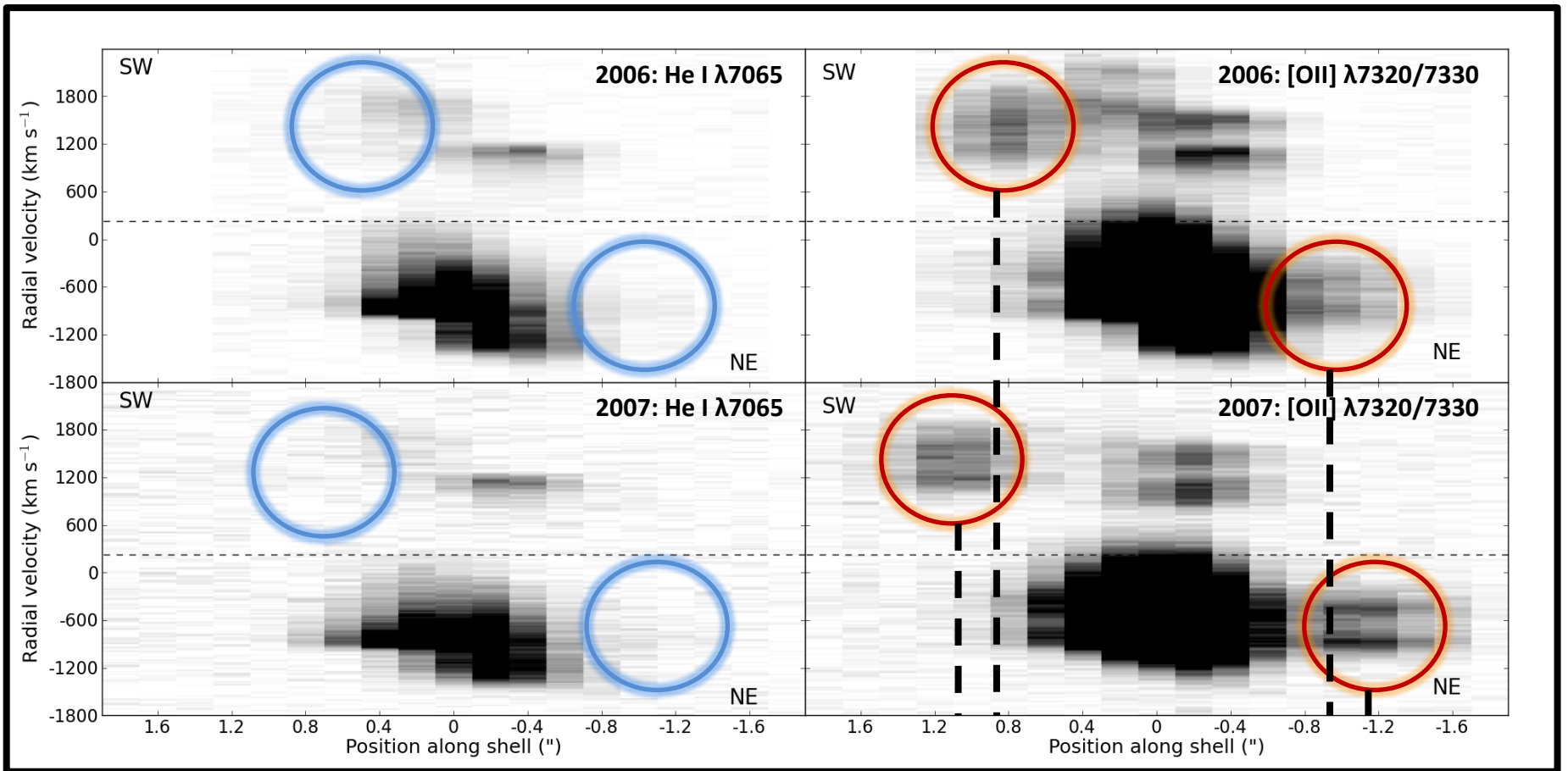
[O II]



He I

[O II]

Spatially-resolved velocity profiles of the emission line He I λ7065 and the [O II] λ7320/7330 doublet (right panels)

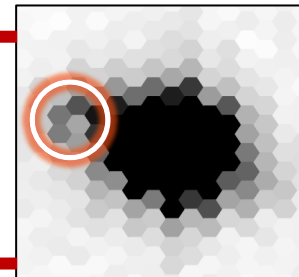
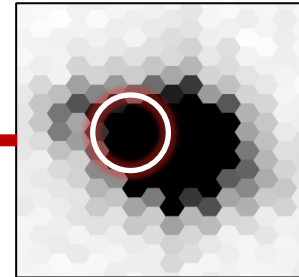
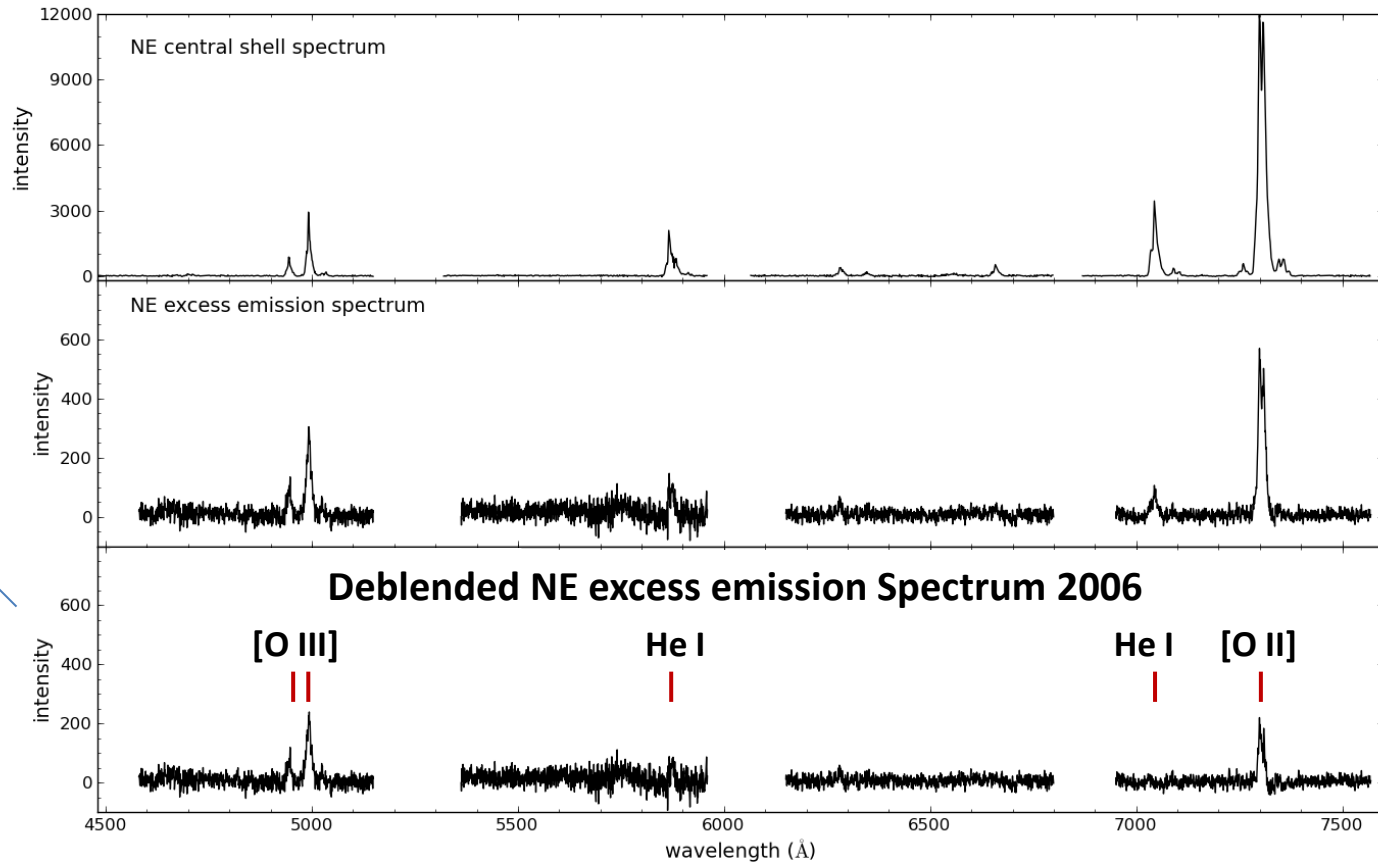


He I

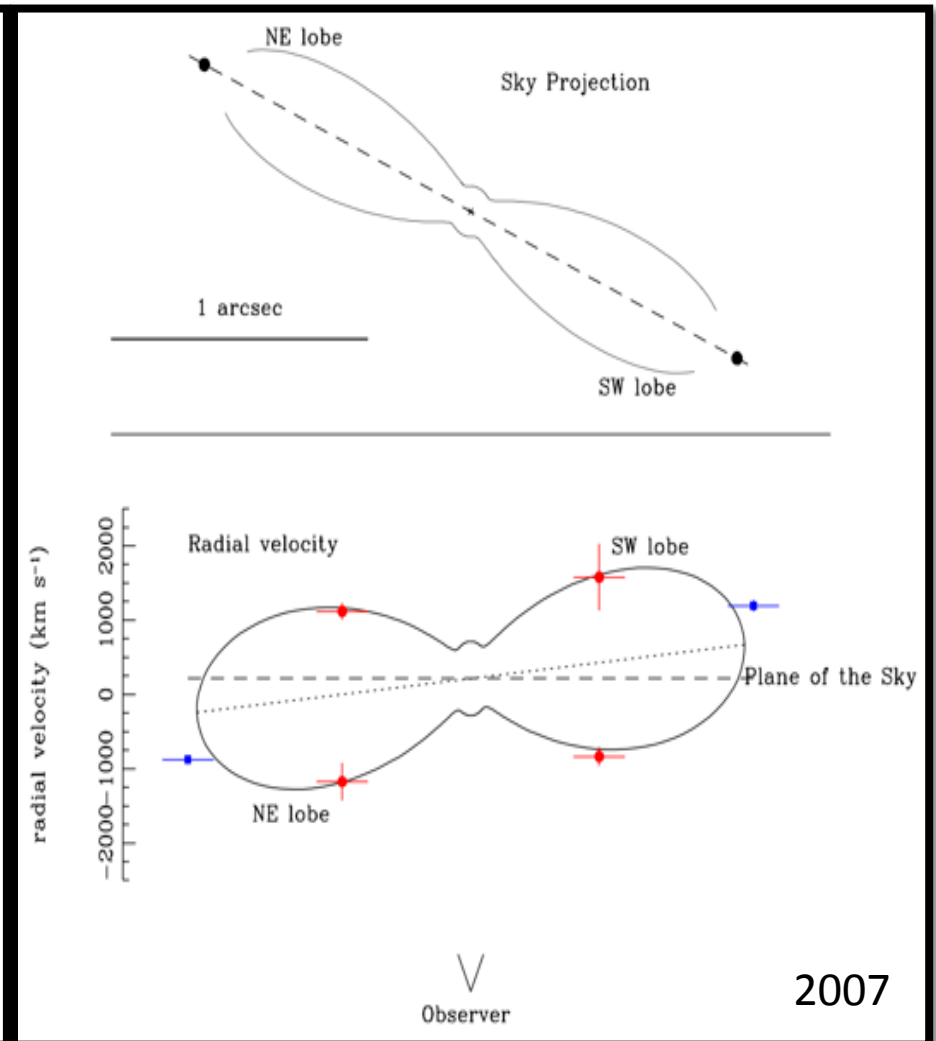
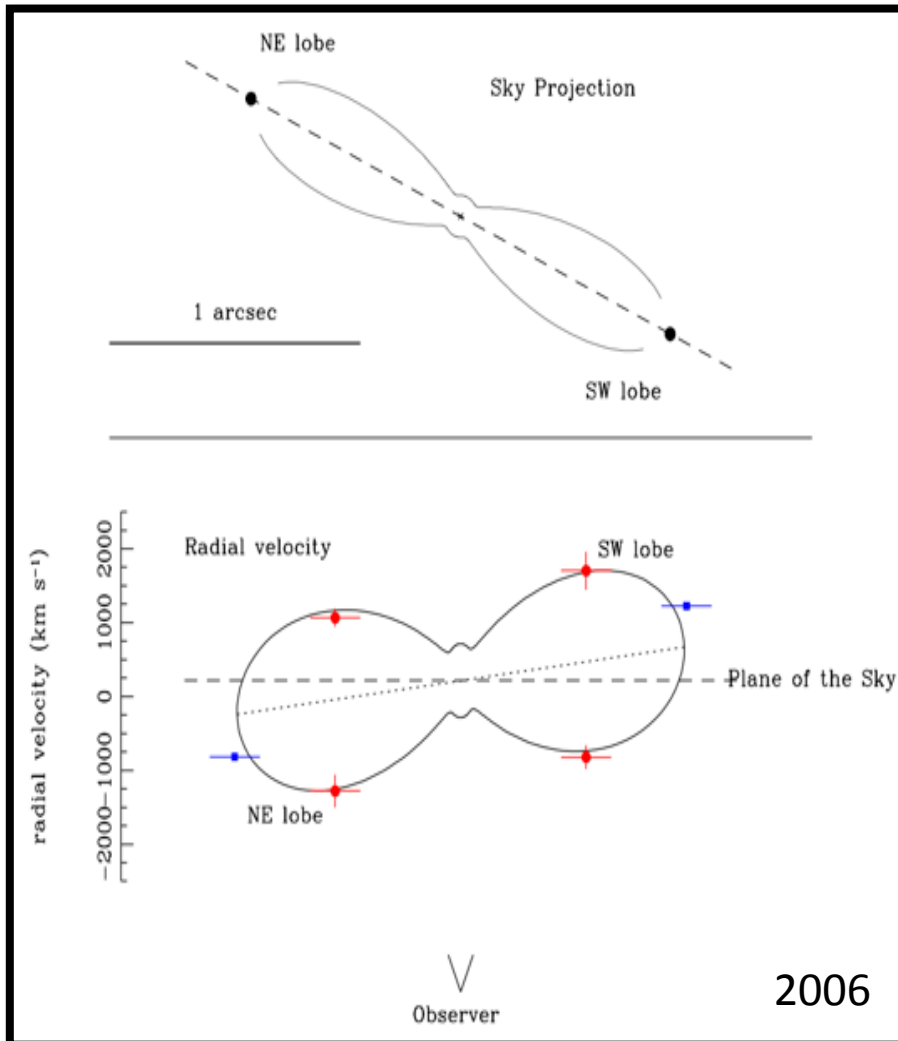
[O II]

Spatially-resolved velocity profiles of the emission line He I $\lambda 7065$ and the [O II] $\lambda 7320/7330$ doublet (right panels)

Excess Emission Spectra



Spatio-kinematic Modelling



Cause of High Velocities in Knots?

- due to highly collimated outflows in the nova shell.
V445 Pup has:
 - an initially very narrow waist.
 - two high speed knots associated with an excess of [O II] and [O III]
- comparable to 1D hydro-dynamical planetary nebulae models (Schönberner et al. 2005, Raga et al. 2008)
 - some PNe have jet structures called FLIERS (fast low ionisation emission regions)

Bow Shocks?

Ionization Front?

- extreme velocities do not represent the bulk motion of the ejecta or of the knots (Schönberner et al. 2005)

Future Analysis

- results can be used in hydrodynamic simulations of axis-symmetric V445 Pup like objects.
- multi-wavelength observations when the equatorial dust disc is clear and the nova remnant is observable will help determine the source of the excess oxygen.



... ?

Future Analysis

- results can be used in hydrodynamic simulations of a V445 Pup like system.
- multi-wavelength observations when the equatorial dust disc is clear and the nova remnant is observable will help determine the source of the excess oxygen.

HST images!
May 2013



